## AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

- 1. (Original) An epitope for binding integrins, comprising strands A and G of domain 1 of ICAM-4 (SEQ ID NO: 1), in which the A strand (SEQ ID NO: 2) is defined by amino acid residues 17 to 27 of ICAM-4 and the G strand (SEQ ID NO: 3) is defined by amino acid residues 90 to 100 of ICAM-4, or a functional homologue of the epitope.
- 2. (Original) The epitope according to claim 1, defined by amino acid residues F18, W19, V20 on the A strand of ICAM-4 and amino acid residues R92, A94, T95, S96 and R97 on the G strand of ICAM-4.
- 3. (Currently amended) The epitope according to either of claim 1 or claim 2, modified in that the A strand is replaced by strand F on domain 1 of ICAM-4, in which the F strand (SEQ ID NO: 4) is defined by amino acid residues 77 to 87 of ICAM-4.
- 4. (Original) The epitope according to claim 3, defined by amino acid residues W77 and L80 on the F strand of ICAM-4 and amino acid residues R92, A94, T95, S96 and R97 on the G strand of ICAM-4.
- 5. (Currently amended) The epitope according to **any-preceding** claim **1**, further defined by amino acid residues W66 on the E strand of domain 1 of ICAM-4 and K118 on the B strand of domain 2 of ICAM-4, in which the E strand (SEQ ID NO: 5) is defined by amino acid residues 160 to 170 of ICAM-4 and the B strand (SEQ ID NO: 6) is defined by amino acid residues 116 to 126 of ICAM-4.

6. (Currently amended) The epitope according to any preceding claim 1, further defined by amino acid residues N160, V161 and T162 on the E strand of ICAM-4.

- 7. (Currently amended) The epitope according to **any preceding** claim  $\underline{\mathbf{1}}$ , in which the integrins are  $\alpha_v$  integrins (for example, as found on HT1080 cells),  $\alpha_4\beta1$  (also known as VLA-4; for example, as found on HEL cells and erythroblasts), or  $\alpha_5\beta1$  (for example, as found on erythroblasts).
- 8. (Currently amended) A footprint domain for binding integrins, comprising a first epitope as defined in any of claims 1 to 6 claim 1 and a second epitope comprising the C and F strands of domain 1 of ICAM-4 and the CE loop of domain 2 of ICAM-4, in which the C strand (SEQ ID NO: 7) is defined by amino acid residues 47 to 54 of ICAM-4, the F strand (SEQ ID NO: 4) is defined by amino acid residues 77 to 87 of ICAM-4 and the CE loop (SEQ ID NO: 8) is defined by amino acid residues 150 to 158 of ICAM-4, or a functional homologue of the footprint domain.
- 9. (Original) The footprint domain according to claim 8, in which the second epitope is defined by amino acid residues R52 on the C strand of ICAM-4, W77 and L80 on the F strand of ICAM-4, T91, W93 and R97 on the G strand of ICAM-4, and E151 and T154 on the C'-E loop of ICAM-4.

- 10. (Currently amended) The footprint domain according to either of claim 8 or claim 9, in which the integrin ligands are  $\alpha_v$  integrins (for example, as found on HT1080 cells), VLA-4 (for example, as found on HEL cells) and/or the  $\beta_2$ -family of integrins (such as Mac-1, for example, as found on leucocytes and on neutrophils, and/or LFA-1), including  $\alpha L\beta 2$  (for example, as found on neutrophils).
- 11. (Currently amended) An antagonist of the epitope of claims 1 to 7 and/or the footprint domain of claims 8 to 10.
- 12. (Currently amended) An antagonist of a ligand for the epitope of claims 1 to 7 and/or the footprint domain of claims 8 to 10.
- 13. (Original) The antagonist of claim 12, having or consisting essentially of three, four, five, six, seven, eight, nine or more amino acid residues of the A, C, F or G strands or the CE loop of ICAM-4, or a functional homologue thereof.
- 14. (Original) The antagonist of claim **14 12**, in which the antagonist has or consists essentially of the amino acid sequence according to SEQ ID NO: 9, SEQ ID NO: 10 or SEQ ID NO: 11.
- 15. (Currently amended) A method of antagonising the epitope of claims 1 to 7 and/or the footprint domain of claims 8 to 10, comprising the step of contacting the epitope and/or the footprint domain with the an antagonist of claim 11 the epitope for binding integrins.

16. (Currently amended) A method of antagonising a ligand of the epitope of claims 1 to 7 and/or the footprint domain of claims 8 to 10, comprising the step of contacting the ligand with the an antagonist of any of claims 12 to 14 a ligand of the epitope for binding integrins.

- 17. (Currently amended) Use of A method of treating a disease using the antagonist of any of claims 11 to 14 claim 11 for treating a disease.
- 18. (Currently amended) The **use method** according to claim 17, in which the disease involves ICAM-4.
- 19. (Currently amended) Use of the antagonist A method of making a medicament for the treatment of a disease comprising the antagonist according to any of claims 11 to 14 in the manufacture of a medicament for the treatment of a disease involving claim 11, wherein the disease involves ICAM-4.
- 20. (Currently amended) The <u>use method</u> according to <u>any of claims 17 to 19 claim</u> <u>17</u>, in which disease is characterised by increased levels of ICAM-4 binding.
- 21. (Currently amended) The <u>use method</u> according to <u>any of claims 17 to 19 claim</u> <u>17</u>, in which the disease is characterised by decreased levels of ICAM-4 binding.
- 22. (Currently amended) The <u>use method</u> according to <u>any of claims 17 to 21 claim</u> <u>17</u>, in which the disease is sickle cell disease, deep vein thrombosis (DVT), malaria, heart disease, vascular complications, diabetes,  $\beta$ -thalassemia, or a thrombotic complication of haematological diseases.

23. (Currently amended) An isolated nucleotide encoding the epitope defined in claims
1 to 7 or the footprint domain of claims 8 to 10 or the an antagonist of claims 11 to
14 thereof.

24. (Original) The isolated nucleotide of claim 23, having a sequence defined within the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 12.